

**Curriculum Guidelines  
Catholic Diocese of Fargo**

## **Introduction to Grades 9 -12**

The high school religion curriculum represents the third phase in the basic religious education of our youth. Given the increased maturity and capacities of the young people as they enter high school, the curriculum is designed to give a more complete and detailed treatment of the essential content of religious education. Rather than reviewing all four of the CCC pillars in each grade level as in the previous years, the material is divided into sixteen quarters or four quarters per grade. In the span of the four years, the core of the *Catechism of the Catholic Church* is covered. Also integrated within the high school curriculum are added elements pertaining to the life of the local Church and the effort to evangelize through word and deed those in our local community. Given the great quantity of material that could be contained in these guidelines, for the sake of brevity, a fundamental outline form was adopted.

In addition, the assumption is that at this level, the students will continue:

1. to practice a sacramental life including weekly Sunday Mass, regular reception of the Eucharist, regular Reconciliation, etc.
2. to grow in their understanding and application of the moral life, including a review of previous saints and acquiring knowledge of other witnesses
3. to develop their prayer life and to review previously memorized prayers
4. to review previous vocabulary and doctrines

Lastly, parishes should also include social, community service and liturgical elements in the high school program. These events should be scheduled so as not to interfere with the delivery of the curricula.



## **Curriculum Guidelines Catholic Diocese of Fargo**

### **Ninth Grade**

Theme: Study of Sacred Scripture.

In addition, the assumption is that at this level, the students will continue:

1. to practice a sacramental life including weekly Sunday Mass, regular reception of the Eucharist and regular Reconciliation (monthly if possible)
2. to grow in their understanding and application of the moral life, including a review of previous saints and acquiring knowledge of other witnesses
3. to develop their prayer life and to review previously memorized prayers
4. to review previous vocabulary and doctrines

### **9.1 Survey of Diocesan History and Introduction to High School**

- I. Survey of Diocesan History
  - A. Early History of the Red River Valley
  - B. Missionaries & Establishments (Religious Orders)
  - C. Bishops and the particular Church (CCC 833, 886)
    1. John Shanley (1889-1909)
    2. James O'Reilly (1910-1935)
    3. Aloisius Muench (1935-1946)
    4. Leo Dworschak (1947-1970)
    5. Justin Driscoll (1970-1984)
    6. James Sullivan (1985-2002)
    7. Samuel Aquila (2002 – present)
  - D. Our parish
- II. Introduction to High School Religion Course Work
  - A. Scope and Sequence of Religion Curriculum
  - B. Method
    1. Focus: The Person and Mystery of Jesus Christ (CCC 427)
    2. Personal Knowledge and Lived Faith (CCC 150)
    3. Theology/Theological Reasoning
  - C. Sources
    1. Divine Revelation: Sacred Scripture and Sacred Tradition. (CCC 77-95)
    2. Authentic interpretation of the Word of God: the Magisterium (CCC 100)
    3. Introduction to and use of the *Catechism of the Catholic Church*
- III. The Total Person (Christian Anthropology)
  - A. Man's Capacity for God (CCC 44-49)
  - B. Created in the Image of God (CCC 380-384)
    1. The Intellect (To know the Truth)
    2. The Will (To love the Good)
  - C. The Fall and Our Redemption in Christ (CCC 413-421)
  - D. Sanctification: Our Call to Holiness (CCC 2012-2016)

## 9.2 Introduction to Divine Revelation

"Through an utterly free decision, God has revealed Himself and given Himself to man. God has fully revealed [His] plan by sending us His beloved Son, our Lord Jesus Christ, and the Holy Spirit. Christ, the Son of God made man, is the Father's one, perfect, unsurpassable Word. 'Sacred Tradition and Sacred Scripture make up a single sacred deposit of the Word of God,' in which, as in a mirror, the pilgrim Church contemplates God, the source of all her riches." (CCC 50, 65, 97)

- I. God Comes to Meet Man
  - A. The Revelation of God (CCC 50--73)
    - 1. God reveals His "Plan of Loving Goodness"
    - 2. The Stages of Revelation
    - 3. Christ Jesus--"Mediator and Fullness of All Revelation"
  - B. The Transmission of Divine Revelation (CCC 74-100)
    - 1. The apostolic Tradition
    - 2. The Relationship between Sacred Tradition and Sacred Scripture
    - 3. The Interpretation of the Heritage of Faith
  - C. Sacred Scripture (101-141)
    - 1. Christ--The Unique Word of Sacred Scripture
    - 2. Inspiration and Truth of Sacred Scripture
    - 3. The Holy Spirit, Interpreter of Scripture
    - 4. The Canon of Scripture
    - 5. Sacred Scripture in the Life of the Church
  - D. Further Background to Sacred Scripture
    - 1. Biblical Timeline (major people and events)
    - 2. Biblical Geography
    - 3. Biblical Reference Works
- II. Man's Response to God
  - A. I Believe (CCC 142-165)
    - 1. The Obedience of Faith
    - 2. "I know Whom I Have Believed"
    - 3. The Characteristics of Faith
  - B. We Believe (CCC 166-184)
    - 1. "Lord, Look upon the Faith of Your Church"
    - 2. The Language of Faith
    - 3. Only One Faith

### 9.3 The Old Testament (Selected Thematic Readings in Context)

"The Books of the Old Testament bear witness to the whole divine pedagogy of God's saving love [and] are a storehouse of sublime teaching on God and of sound wisdom on human life, as well as a wonderful treasury of prayers; in them, too, the mystery of our salvation is present in a hidden way." (CCC 122)

#### I. The Theme of Covenant

- A. Creation and Adam (Gn 1-2)
- B. Patriarchs
  - 1. Noah (Gn 9)
  - 2. Abraham (Gn 11:27-12:9; 15; 17)
  - 3. Isaac (Gn 21; 25)
  - 4. Jacob (Gn 28:10-22; 32:23-33)
- C. Moses and Sinai (Ex 3; 19-20; 24)
- D. Fidelity & Infidelity
  - 1. Gen 3
  - 2. Ex 32-34
  - 3. Book of Numbers (overview)
  - 4. Book of Judges (overview)
  - 5. 2 Samuel 7; 11-12
  - 6. 1, 2 Kings (overview)
  - 7. Esther (overview)
  - 8. Neh 9

#### II. The Theme of The Law

- A. Gn 1:28; 2:15-17
- B. Ex 19:16-23:33
- C. Lv 17-26
- D. Dt 4-6
- E. Ps 1; 2; 19; 119

#### III. The Theme of Wisdom

- A. Job (overview)
- B. Psalms (overview)
- C. Proverbs (overview)
- D. Wisdom 6-11:1
- E. Sirach 1; 24

#### IV. The Theme of The Prophets

- A. Isaiah 1-5; 6-12; 40-43; 52:13-53:12
- B. Jeremiah 1-2; 19-20; 30-31
- C. Ezekiel 1-3; 37; 40-48
- D. Amos (overview)
- E. Jonah (overview)
- F. Malachi (overview)

## 9.4 The New Testament (Selected Readings in Context)

"The Word of God, which is the power of God for salvation to everyone who has faith, is set forth and displays its power in a most wonderful way in the writings of the New Testament' which hand on the ultimate truth of God's Revelation. Their central object is Jesus Christ, God's incarnate Son: His acts, His teachings, Passion and glorification, and His Church's beginnings under the Spirit's guidance." (CCC 124)

### I. The Life and Teachings of Jesus Christ (The Gospels)

\*Each Gospel will be considered in light of the 4 Old Testament themes

#### A. Matthew

1. Introduction
2. Infancy Narrative (1-2)
3. Proclamation of the Kingdom (3-7)
4. Ministry and Mission in Galilee (8-11:1)
5. Opposition from Israel (11:2-13:53)
6. Jesus, the Kingdom, and the Church (13:54-18)
7. Ministry in Judea and Jerusalem (19-25)
8. The Passion and Resurrection (26-28)

#### B. Mark

1. Introduction
2. The Preparation for the Public Ministry of Jesus (1:1-13)
3. The Mystery of Jesus (1:14-8:26)
4. The Mystery Begins to be Revealed (8:27-9:32)
5. The Full Revelation of the Mystery (9:33-16)

#### C. Luke

1. Introduction
2. Prologue (1:1-4)
3. Infancy Narrative (1:5-2)
4. The Preparation for the Public Ministry (3-4:13)
5. The Ministry in Galilee (4:14-9:50)
6. The Journey to Jerusalem (9:51-19:27)
7. The Teaching Ministry in Jerusalem (19:28-21)
8. The Passion Narrative (22-23)
9. The Resurrection Narrative (24)

#### D. John

1. Introduction
2. Prologue (1:1-18)
3. The Book of Signs (1:19-12)
4. The Book of Glory (13-20)
5. The Epilogue (21)

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## II. The Life of Christ's Church

### A. Acts of the Apostles

1. Introduction
2. The Preparation for the Christian Mission (1-2:13)
3. The Mission in Jerusalem (2:14-8:3)
4. The Mission in Judea and Samaria (8:4-9)
5. The Inauguration of the Gentile Mission (10-15:35)
6. The Mission of Paul to the Ends of the Earth (15:36-28)

### B. Pauline Writings

1. Introduction
2. Overview of each of the following: Romans; 1 Cor; Eph; 1 Thes; 1 Tim; Hebrews

### C. Johannine Writings

1. Introduction
2. Overview of the letters and Revelation

### D. The Catholic Epistles

1. Overview of James, Peter, and Jude

## **Freshman – History and Saints Appendix**

(Note: Saints in *italics* are introduced for the first time in this grade).

At this level, student's knowledge of the saints and their lives as witnesses of Christ are better understood in the context of history and geography. For this reason, the saints are presented in chronological order. New saints are presented in italics. Saints have been chosen from the memorials of the Roman calendar, those mentioned in the Eucharistic Prayer One, Fathers of the Church, Doctors of the Church and from American saints, blessed, and venerables.

### I. The Early Church (0-600AD).

#### A. Saints

1. Sts. Anne and Joachim (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
2. St. Joseph (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
3. Sts. Zechariah and Elizabeth (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
4. St. John the Baptist (c. 30)
5. St. Peter, Apostle (c. 64)
6. St. Andrew, Apostle (c. 60)
7. St. James the Great, Apostle (c. 44)
8. St. Bartholomew, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
9. St. James the Lesser, Apostle (c. 62)
10. St. Thomas, Apostle (c. 72)
11. St. Philip, Apostle (c. 80)
12. St. Simon the Cananean, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
13. St. Jude, Apostle (c. 100)
14. St. Matthew, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
15. St. Matthias, Apostle replacing Judas (c. 80)
16. St. John, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 101)
17. St. Luke, Evangelist (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
18. St. Mark, Evangelist (c. 68)
19. St. Paul (c. 67)
20. St. Mary Magdalen (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
21. St. Martha (c. 80)
22. *St. Dismas, the good thief (c. 30)*
23. St. Stephen (c. 36)
24. St. Titus (c. 96)
25. St. Timothy (c. 97)
26. *St. Philomena (86-100)*
27. *St. Ignatius of Antioch, Father of the Church (c. 107)*
28. St. Cecilia (c. 117)
29. *St. Polycarp, Father of the Church (69-155)*
30. *St. Justin Martyr, Father of the Church (100-165)*
31. *St. Irenaeus, Father of the Church (130-202)*
32. *Sts. Cornelius and Cyprian (c. 253 and c. 258)*
33. St. Agnes of Rome (c. 254)
34. Sts. Nereus & Achilles (c. 257)
35. St. Lawrence (c. 258)
36. St. Valentine of Rome (c. 269)

37. St. Maurice (c. 287)
38. St. Sebastian (c. 288)
39. *Sts. Cosmas and Damian (c. 303)*
40. St. George (c. 304)
41. *St. Lucy of Syracuse (283- 304)*
42. St. Catherine of Alexandria (291- 310)
43. *St. Blasé (c. 316)*
44. St. Helena (250- 330)
45. St. Nicholas (346- 350)
46. St. Anthony the Hermit (251–356)
47. *St. Monica (322-387)*
48. St. Martin of Tours (316-397)
49. St. Jerome (347-419)
50. St. Augustine of Hippo (354-430)
51. St. Leo the Great (400-461)
52. St. Patrick (390-461)
53. St. Brigid of Ireland (453-523)
54. St. Clotilde (475-545)
55. St. Benedict (480-547)
56. St. Arnold (580-640)

#### B. Geography

1. Mediterranean Geography
2. Europe
3. Asia
4. Holy Land

## II. The Medieval Era (601-1500 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. St. David of Wales (542-601)
2. St. Boniface (680-754)
3. St. Henry II (972-1024)
4. St. Olaf of Norway (995-1030)
5. St. Cunegunda, wife of Henry II (c. 1040)
6. St. Edward the Confessor (1003-1066)
7. St. Stanislaus (1030-1079)
8. St. Anselm of Canterbury, Doctor of the Church (1033-1109)
9. *Sts. Isidore and Maria, Farmers (1070-1130)*
10. *St. Norbert (1080-1134)*
11. St. Bernard of Clairvaux (1090-1153)
12. St. Lawrence O'Toole (1128-1180)
13. St. William of Bourges (c. 1209)
14. St. Dominic (1170-1221)
15. St. Francis of Assisi (1181-1226)

16. St. Anthony of Padua (1195-1231)
17. St. Elizabeth of Hungary (1207-1231)
18. St. Rose of Viterbo (1234-1252)
19. St. Clare of Assisi (1194-1253)
20. St. Louis IX (1214-1270)
21. St. Thomas Aquinas (1225-1274)
22. *St. Gertrude the Great (1256-1302)*
23. Blessed Imelda Lambertini (1322-1333)
24. St. Bridget of Sweden ( 1303-1373)
25. St. John Nepomucene (1340-1393)
26. *St. Joan of Arc (1412-1431)*

#### B. Geography

1. Hungary
2. Spain
3. Italy
4. Germany
5. France

### III. The Reformation (1501-1700 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. *St. Thomas More (1478-1535)*
2. St. Juan Diego (1474-1548)
3. St. Francis Xavier (1506-1552)
4. *St. Ignatius of Loyola (1491-1556)*
5. St. Aloysius Gonzaga (1568-1591)
6. St. Philip Neri (1515-1595)
7. St. Rose of Lima (1586-1617)
8. St. Francis de Sales (1567-1622)
9. *St. Martin de Porres (1579-1639)*
10. St. Rene Goupil (1606-1642)
11. St. Isaac Jogues, St. John de Breboug and Companions  
(martyred 1646-1649)
12. St. Vincent de Paul (1581-1660)
13. Blessed Kateri Tekekwitha (1656-1680)
14. St. Margaret Mary Alacoque (1647-1690)

#### B. Geography

1. England
2. Japan
3. South America
4. Peru

#### IV. The Modern Era (1701-1900 A.D.)

##### A. Saints

1. St. Gerard Majella (1725-1755)
2. Blessed Junipero Serra (1713-1784)
3. St. Alphonsus Ligouri (1696-1787)
4. St. Elizabeth Ann Seton (1774-1821)
5. St. Rose Dushesne (1769-1852)
6. Blessed Mother Theodore Guerin (1798-1856)
7. St. Dominic Savio (1842-1857)
8. St. John Vianney (1786-1859)
9. St. John Neumann (1811-1860)
10. Blessed Fr. Francis Xavier Seclos (1819-1867)
11. St. Bernadette of Lourdes (1819-1879)
12. St. John Bosco (1815-1888)
13. Blessed Damien the Leper (1846-1889)
14. St. Teresa of Lisieux, the Little Flower (1873-1897)

#### V. Twentieth Century (1901-2003 A.D.)

##### A. Saints

1. St. Maria Goretti (1890-1902)
2. *St. Gemma Galgani (1878-1903)*
3. St. Pius X (1835-1914)
4. St. Francis Xavier Cabrini (1850-1917)
5. St. Faustina (1905-1938)
6. St. Maximilian Kolbe (1894-1941)
7. St. Mother Katharine Drexel (1858-1955)
8. Blessed Gianna Beretta Molla (1922-1962)
9. St. Padre Pio (1887-1968)
10. *Blessed Mother Theresa of Calcutta (1910-1997)*



# **Curriculum Guidelines Catholic Diocese of Fargo**

## **Tenth Grade**

Theme: Study of Church History, the Sacraments and Prayer.

In addition, the assumption is that at this level, the students will continue:

1. to practice a sacramental life including weekly Sunday Mass, regular reception of the Eucharist and regular Reconciliation (monthly if possible)
2. to grow in their understanding and application of the moral life, including a review of previous saints and acquiring knowledge of other witnesses
3. to develop their prayer life and to review previously memorized prayers
4. to review previous vocabulary and doctrines

### **10.1 Church History I (First Century to Thirteenth Century)**

The origin of the Church's mystery is in the Holy Trinity's plan and "this 'Family of God' is gradually formed and takes shape during the stages of human history. . . The Church is in history, but at the same time she transcends it. It is only 'with the eyes of faith' that one can see her in her visible reality and at the same time in her spiritual reality as the bearer of divine life." (CCC 758, 759, 770; cf. 1-3)

#### I. Theology of History

- A. Origin and Purpose of Time: the Christian conception of History
- B. Jesus Christ: the Norm of History

\*For each era of Church History the following framework will be used:

- a. Key figures and saints
- b. Significant events
- c. Ecumenical Councils
- d. Corresponding secular history
- e. Geography

#### II. The Early Church

- A. The Apostolic Church
  1. Preparation of the World for Christianity
  2. Founding of the Church
  3. The First Missionary Journeys
  4. The Roman Church
  5. The Age of Martyrs: The Rapid Spread of Christianity
  6. Early Christian Life and Worship
  7. Apostolic Fathers
- B. The Patristic Era
  1. The Christianization of the Roman Empire: The Edict of Milan; Byzantium
  2. The Church in Conflict with Heresy
  3. The Social, Religious, and Moral Life of the Church
  4. The Church and the Barbarian Invasions

### III. The Medieval Era

- A. The Early Middle Ages
  - 1. The Pontificate of Gregory the Great
  - 2. The Missionaries of Northern Europe
  - 3. The Rise of Islam
  - 4. The Church and the Frankish Empire
  - 5. The Evangelization of the Slavic Nations
  - 6. The Great Schism
  
- B. The High Middle Ages
  - 1. The age of Hildebrand
  - 2. Monks and Knights
  - 3. The Hundred Years' War
  - 4. Medieval Heresies
  - 5. Rise of the Mendicant Orders
  - 6. Scholasticism and the Arts

## 10.2 Church History II (Fourteenth to Twentieth Century)

The origin of the Church's mystery is in the Holy Trinity's plan and "this 'Family of God' is gradually formed and takes shape during the stages of human history. . .The Church is in history, but at the same time she transcends it. It is only 'with the eyes of faith' that one can see her in her visible reality and at the same time in her spiritual reality as the bearer of divine life." (CCC 758, 759, 770; cf. 1-3)

\*For each era of Church History, the following framework will be used:

- a. Key figures and saints
- b. Significant events
- c. Ecumenical Councils
- d. Corresponding secular events
- e. Geography

### I. The Renaissance

- A. The Destruction of the Christian Commonwealth of Europe
- B. The Babylonian Captivity of the Papacy
- C. The Western Schism
- D. The Church and the Humanists

### II. The Reformation

- A. The Origins of Protestantism
  1. Luther
  2. Calvin
  3. Anglicanism
- B. The Catholic Reform and the Council of Trent
- C. New Missions: East and West
- D. Ideologies of the Autonomy of Man

### III. The Modern Era

- A. Late 18th/19th Century
  1. French Revolution
  2. The Popes and the Catholic Revival
  3. Pius IX and Vatican Council I
  4. The Church in the Americas
  5. The Industrial Revolution and Leo XIII
- B. 20th Century
  1. St. Pius X
  2. Benedict XV
  3. Pius XI
  4. Pius XII
  5. John XXIII
  6. Paul VI
  7. John Paul I
  8. John Paul II
- C. Toward the Third Millennium
  1. The New Evangelization
  2. Building a Civilization of Love

### 10.3 Sacraments: The Celebration of the Christian Mystery

"The sacraments are efficacious signs of grace, instituted by Christ and entrusted to the Church, by which divine life is dispensed to us. The sacraments of Christian initiation -- Baptism, Confirmation, and the Eucharist--lay the foundations of every Christian life." (CCC 1131, 1212)

"The Lord Jesus Christ, physician of our souls and bodies. . . has willed that his Church continue, in the power of the Holy Spirit, His work of healing and salvation [through] the sacrament of Penance and the sacrament of Anointing of the Sick." (CCC 1421)

The sacraments at the service of communion, "Holy Orders and Matrimony, are directed towards the salvation of others; . . . They confer a particular mission in the Church and serve to build up the people of God." (CCC 1534)

- I. The Liturgy and The Sacramental Economy (CCC 1066-1076)
  - A. The Paschal Mystery in the Age of the Church
    - 1. The Liturgy--Work of the Holy Trinity (CCC 1077-1112)
    - 2. The Paschal Mystery in the Church's Sacraments (CCC 1113-1134)
  - B. The Sacramental Celebration of the Paschal Mystery
    - 1. Celebrating the Church's Liturgy (CCC 1136-1199)
    - 2. Liturgical Diversity and the Unity of the Mystery (CCC 1200-1209)
  
- II. The Sacraments of Initiation (CCC 1212)
  - A. The Sacrament of Baptism (CCC 1213-1284)
  - B. The Sacrament of Confirmation (CCC 1285-1321)
  - C. The Sacrament of the Eucharist (CCC 1322-1419)
  
- III. The Sacraments of Healing
  - A. The Sacrament of Penance and Reconciliation (CCC 1422-1498)
  - B. The Anointing of the Sick (CCC 1499-1532)  
(include Viaticum and apostolic pardon)
  
- IV. The Sacraments at the Service of Communion  
[Brief overview. These sacraments will be studied in greater depth as seniors]
  - A. The Sacrament of Holy Orders (CCC 1536-1600)
  - B. The Sacrament of Matrimony (CCC 1601-1666)
  
- V. Other Liturgical Celebrations
  - A. Sacramentals (CCC 1667-1679)
  - B. Christian Funerals (CCC 1680-1690)
  - C. Liturgy of the Hours (CCC 1174-1178)

## 10.4 The Life of Prayer

Prayer is "a vital and personal relationship with the living and true God." (CCC 2558)

*"Lord, teach us to pray."* (Luke 11:1)

### IV. Christian Prayer

#### A. Prayer in the Christian Life

1. What Is Prayer? (CCC 2559-2565)
2. The Universal Call to Prayer (CCC 2566-2567)
  - a. In the Old Testament (CCC 2568-2597)
  - b. In the Fullness of Time (CCC 2598-2622)
  - c. In the Age of the Church (CCC 2623-2649)
3. The Tradition of Prayer
  - a. At the Wellsprings of Prayer (CCC 2652-2662)
  - b. The Way of Prayer (CCC 2663-2682)
  - c. Guides for Prayer (CCC 2683-2696)
4. The Life of Prayer
  - a. Expressions of Prayer (CCC 2700-2724)
  - b. The Battle of Prayer (CCC 2725-2745)
  - c. The Prayer of the Hour of Jesus (CCC 2746-2758)

#### B. The Lord's Prayer

1. "Our Father" (CCC 2759-2760)
  - a. The Summary of the Whole Gospel (CCC 2761-2776)
  - b. "Our Father Who Art in Heaven" (CCC 2777-2802)
  - c. The Seven Petitions (CCC 2803-2854)
  - d. The Final Doxology (CCC 2855-2856)

## Sophomore – History and Saints Appendix

(Note: Saints in *italics* are introduced for the first time in this grade).

At this level, student's knowledge of the saints and their lives as witnesses of Christ are better understood in the context of history and geography. For this reason, the saints are presented in chronological order. New saints are presented in italics. Saints have been chosen from the memorials of the Roman calendar, those mentioned in the Eucharistic Prayer One, Fathers of the Church, Doctors of the Church and from American saints, blessed, and venerables.

### I. The Early Church (0-600 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. Sts. Anne and Joachim (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
2. St. Joseph (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
3. Sts. Zechariah and Elizabeth (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
4. St. John the Baptist (c. 30)
5. St. Peter, Apostle (c. 64)
6. St. Andrew, Apostle (c. 60)
7. St. James the Great, Apostle (c. 44)
8. St. Bartholomew, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
9. St. James the Lesser, Apostle (c. 62)
10. St. Thomas, Apostle (c. 72)
11. St. Philip, Apostle (c. 80)
12. St. Simon the Cananean, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
13. St. Jude, Apostle (c. 100)
14. St. Matthew, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
15. St. Matthias, Apostle replacing Judas (c. 80)
16. St. John, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 101)
17. St. Luke, Evangelist (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
18. St. Mark, Evangelist (c. 68)
19. St. Paul (c. 67)
20. St. Mary Magdalen (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
21. St. Martha (c. 80)
22. St. Dismas, the good thief (c. 30)
23. St. Stephen (c. 36)
24. *St. Linus, Second Pope (c. 76)*
25. *St. Cletus, Third Pope (c. 89)*
26. St. Titus (c. 96)
27. St. Timothy (c. 97)
28. St. Philomena (86-100)
29. *St. Clement of Rome, Fourth Pope and Father of the Church (c. 101)*
30. St. Ignatius of Antioch, Father of the Church (c. 107)
31. St. Cecilia (c. 117)
32. *St. Sixtus, Fifth Pope (c. 127)*
33. St. Polycarp, Father of the Church (69-155)
34. St. Justin Martyr, Father of the Church (100-165)
35. St. Irenaeus, Father of the Church (130-202)
36. *St. Agatha (c. 251)*

37. Sts. Cornelius and Cyprian (c. 253 and c. 258)
38. St. Agnes of Rome (c. 254)
39. Sts. Nereus & Achilles (c. 257)
40. St. Lawrence (c. 258)
41. St. Valentine of Rome (c. 269)
42. St. Maurice (c. 287)
43. St. Sebastian (c. 288)
44. Sts. Cosmas and Damian (c. 303)
45. St. George (c. 304)
46. St. Lucy of Syracuse (283-304)
47. St. Catherine of Alexandria (291-310)
48. St. Blasé (c. 316)
49. St. Helena (250-330)
50. St. Nicholas (346-350)
51. St. Anthony the Hermit (251-356)
52. St. Monica (322-387)
53. St. Martin of Tours (316-397)
54. St. Jerome (347-419)
55. St. Augustine of Hippo (354-430)
56. St. Leo the Great (400-461)
57. St. Patrick (390-461)
58. St. Brigid of Ireland (453-523)
59. St. Clotilde (475-545)
60. St. Benedict (480-547)
61. St. Arnold (580-640)

#### B. Geography

1. Mediterranean Geography
2. Europe
3. Asia
4. Holy Land
5. Roman Empire

#### C. Events

1. Early Christian Persecution and Martyrs
2. Burning of Rome, 64 A.D.
3. Arianism
4. Decree of Milan, 313 A.D.
5. Council of Nicea, 325 A.D.
6. Origins of Monasticism

## II. The Medieval Era (601-1500 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. St. David of Wales (542-601)

2. *St. Gregory the Great, Pope, Father, Doctor of the Church (540-604)*
3. St. Boniface (680-754)
4. St. Henry II (972-1024)
5. St. Olaf of Norway (995-1030)
6. St. Cunegunda, wife of Henry II (c. 1040)
7. St. Edward the Confessor (1003-1066)
8. St. Stanislaus (1030-1079)
9. St. Anselm of Canterbury, Doctor of the Church (1033-1109)
10. Sts. Isidore and Maria, Farmers (1070-1130)
11. St. Norbert (1080-1134)
12. St. Bernard of Clairvaux (1090-1153)
13. *St. Thomas Becket (1118-1170)*
14. St. Lawrence O'Toole (1128-1180)
15. St. William of Bourges (c. 1209)
16. St. Dominic (1170-1221)
17. St. Francis of Assisi (1181-1226)
18. St. Anthony of Padua (1195-1231)
19. St. Elizabeth of Hungary (1207-1231)
20. St. Rose of Viterbo (1234-1252)
21. St. Clare of Assisi (1194-1253)
22. St. Louis IX (1214-1270)
23. St. Thomas Aquinas (1225-1274)
24. St. Gertrude the Great (1256-1302)
25. Blessed Imelda Lambertini (1322-1333)
26. St. Bridget of Sweden (1303-1373)
27. St. John Nepomucene (1340-1393)
28. St. Joan of Arc (1412-1431)

#### B. Geography

1. Hungary
2. Spain
3. Italy
4. Germany
5. France

#### C. Events

1. The Crusades
2. Founding of Universities

### III. The Reformation (1501-1700 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. *St. John Fisher (1469-1535)*
2. St. Thomas More (1478-1535)
3. St. Juan Diego (1474-1548)

4. St. Francis Xavier (1506-1552)
5. St. Ignatius of Loyola (1491-1556)
6. *St. Theresa of Avila, Doctor of the Church (1515-1582)*
7. *St. John of the Cross, Doctor of the Church (1542-1591)*
8. St. Aloysius Gonzaga (1568-1591)
9. St. Philip Neri (1515-1595)
10. *St. Paul Miki and Companions (martyred 1562-1597)*
11. St. Rose of Lima (1586-1617)
12. St. Francis de Sales (1567-1622)
13. St. Martin de Porres (1579-1639)
14. *St. Jane Frances de Chantal (1572-1641)*
15. St. Rene Goupil (1606-1642)
16. St. Isaac Jogues, St. John de Breboug and Companions (martyred 1646-1649)
17. St. Vincent de Paul (1581-1660)
18. Blessed Kateri Tekekwitha (1656-1680)
19. St. Margaret Mary Alacoque (1647-1690)

#### B. Geography

1. England
2. Japan
3. South America
4. Peru
5. North America

#### C. Events

1. Luther and the 95 Theses, Nov. 1, 1517
2. Henry VIII and the Anglican Church
3. Evangelization of the New World

### IV. The Modern Era (1701-1900 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. St. Gerard Majella (1725-1755)
2. *St. Paul of the Cross (1694-1775)*
3. Blessed Junipero Serra (1713-1784)
4. St. Alphonsus Ligouri (1696-1787)
5. St. Elizabeth Ann Seton (1774-1821)
6. *St. Andrew Dung-Lac and Companions (1785-1839)*
7. *Sts. Andrew Kim Taegon, Paul Chong Hasang, and Companions (martyred 1846)*
8. *Blessed Marie Rose Durocher (1811-1849)*
9. St. Rose Dushesne (1769-1852)
10. Blessed Mother Theodore Guerin (1798-1856)
11. St. Dominic Savio (1842-1857)

12. St. John Vianney (1786-1859)
13. St. John Neumann (1811-1860)
14. Blessed Fr. Francis Xavier Seclos (1819-1867)
15. St. Bernadette of Lourdes (1819-1879)
16. St. John Bosco (1815-1888)
17. Blessed Damien the Leper (1846-1889)
18. St. Teresa of Lisieux, the Little Flower (1873-1897)

## V. Twentieth Century (1901-2003 A.D.)

### A. Saints

1. St. Maria Goretti (1890-1902)
2. St. Gemma Galgani (1878-1903)
3. St. Pius X (1835-1914)
4. St. Francis Xavier Cabrini (1850-1917)
5. *Blessed Miguel Agustin Pro (1891-1927)*
6. *Blessed Andre Bessette (1845-1937)*
7. St. Faustina (1905-1938)
8. St. Maximilian Kolbe (1894-1941)
9. *St. Edith Stein (1891-1942)*
10. St. Mother Katharine Drexel (1858-1955)
11. Blessed Gianna Beretta Molla (1922-1962)
12. *Blessed Carlos Rodriquez (1918-1963)*
13. St. Padre Pio (1887-1968)
14. *St. Jos Maria Escriva (1902-1975)*
15. Blessed Mother Theresa of Calcutta (1910-1997)

### B. Events

1. World War I and II
2. The Holocaust

## **Curriculum Guidelines Catholic Diocese of Fargo**

### **Eleventh Grade**

Theme: Study of the Creed and Life in Christ (Morality).

In addition, the assumption is that at this level, the students will continue:

1. to practice a sacramental life including weekly Sunday Mass, regular reception of the Eucharist and regular Reconciliation (monthly if possible)
2. to grow in their understanding and application of the moral life, including a review of previous saints and acquiring knowledge of other witnesses
3. to develop their prayer life and to review previously memorized prayers
4. to review previous vocabulary and doctrines

### **11.1 The Profession of Faith – Part I**

Believing is a human and ecclesial act. "We must believe in no one but God: the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit. The Most Holy Trinity is the central mystery of the Christian faith and life. It is the mystery of God in Himself. It is therefore the source of all the other mysteries of faith, the light that enlightens them, [for] the whole concern of doctrine and its teaching must be directed to the love that never ends." (CCC 180, 181, 178, 234, 25)

- I. Introduction
  - A. Review CCC 26-184
  - B. The Creeds (CCC 185-197)
  
- II. "I Believe in God the Father"
  - A. I Believe in God (CCC 199-231)
  - B. The Father (CCC 232-267)
  - C. The Almighty (CCC 268-278)
  - D. The Creator (CCC 279-324)
  - E. Heaven and Earth (CCC 325-354)
  - F. Man (Review CCC 355-384)
  - G. The Fall (Review CCC 385-421)
  
- III. "I Believe in Jesus Christ, the Only Son of God"
  - A. Introduction to Christology
    1. Christ: The Alpha and the Omega
    2. Christ: The Fullness
    3. The Unity of the Incarnation and Redemption
    4. The Identity of the Jesus of History with the Christ of Faith
    5. Why the Incarnation and Redemption?
  - B. "And in Jesus Christ, His Only Son, Our Lord" (CCC 422-455)
  - C. "He Was Conceived by the Power of the Holy Spirit, Born of the Virgin Mary" (CCC 456-570)
  - D. "Suffered Under Pontius Pilate, Was Crucified, Died, and Was Buried" (CCC 571-630)
  - E. "He Descended into Hell/On the Third Day He Rose Again" (CCC 631-658)
  - F. "He Ascended into Heaven and Is Seated at the Right Hand of the Father" (CCC 659-667)
  - G. "From Thence He Will Come Again to Judge the Living and the Dead" (CCC 668-682)
  
- IV. "I Believe in the Holy Spirit" (CCC 683-747)

## 11.2 The Profession of Faith – Part II

"The Holy Spirit, whom Christ the Head pours out on His members, builds, animates, and sanctifies the Church. The Church is sent to announce, bear witness, make present, and spread the mystery of the communion of the Holy Trinity. She is the sacrament of the Holy Trinity's communion with men. In defending the ability of human reason to know God, the Church is expressing her confidence in the possibility of speaking about Him to all men and with all men, and therefore of dialogue with other religions, with philosophy and science, as well as with unbelievers and atheists." (CCC 747, 738, 39)

- I. "I Believe in the Holy Catholic Church" (CCC 748-750)
  - A. The Church in God's Plan (CCC 751-780)
  - B. The Church--People of God, Body of Christ, Temple of the Holy Spirit (CCC 781-810)
  - C. The Church is One, Holy, Catholic, and Apostolic (CCC 811-870)
  - D. Christ's Faithful--Hierarchy, Laity, Consecrated Life (CCC 871-945)  
[Brief overview--This section will be examined in greater depth and detail in Christian Vocations]
  - E. The Communion of Saints (CCC 946-962)
  - F. Mary--Mother of Christ, Mother of the Church (CCC 963-975)
- II. "I Believe in the Forgiveness of Sins" (CCC 976-987)
- III. "I Believe in the Resurrection of the Body" (CCC 988-1019)
- IV. "I Believe in Life Everlasting" (CCC 1020-1060)
- V. "Amen" (CCC 1061-1065)
- VI. Apologetics (Reasoned Defense of the Faith)  
[This material can also be covered within the appropriate context of the creed]
  - A. Introduction
    1. Faith and Reason
    2. Objective Truth
  - B. God and Man
    1. The Existence and Nature of God
    2. God and Created Nature: The Problem of Evil
    3. The Immortality of the Human Soul
    4. Man's Place in Creation
  - C. The Divinity of Christ
    1. Sources of Knowledge about Christ
    2. The Claims of Christ and Their Justification by Christ
  - D. The Divine Institution of the Church
  - E. God and the Last Things
  - F. Christianity and Other Religions

### 11.3 Life in Christ (Morality): Individual Holiness – Part I

"It is in Christ that man has been created 'in the image and likeness of the Creator.' [This] divine image, disfigured in man by the first sin, has been restored to its original beauty and ennobled by the grace of God [through] Christ our Redeemer. The human person, endowed with a spiritual soul, intellect, and free will to live the moral life is brought to maturity in grace that he might reach the fulfillment of life: [eternal life in Jesus Christ]." (CCC 1701, 1711, 1715)

- I. The Mystery of Christ as the Way of Human Action
  - A. Dignity and Vocation of the Human Person  
(CCC 1701-1729, 1749-1755; *Veritatis Splendor* 1-3, 6-27, 65-83)
    - 1. In the Image of God
    - 2. Vocation to Beatitude/Desire for Happiness
  - B. Freedom and Responsibility (CCC 1730-1748)
  - C. The Norms of Christian Life (CCC 1749-1802, 1949-1986; *Veritatis Splendor* 42-64)
    - 1. Natural Law
    - 2. Revealed Law
    - 3. Conscience
    - 4. Sources of Morality of Human Acts (CCC 1750ff)
    - 5. Morality of Passions
  - D. Morality of Human Acts and Passions (CCC 1749-1775)
  - E. Moral Conscience (CCC 1776-1802)
  - F. Virtues, Gifts and Fruits of the Holy Spirit (CCC 1803-1845)
  - G. Sin (CCC 1846-1876)
  - H. How is it possible to live a moral life?

## 11.4 Life in Christ (Morality): Commandments and Precepts – Part II

*"Teacher, what good must I do to have eternal life?' And He said to him. . . 'If you wish to enter life, keep the commandments" (Matt. 19:16-19). "You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, and with all your soul, and with all your mind. This is the greatest and first commandment. And a second is like it: You shall love your neighbor as yourself. On these two commandments hang all the law and the prophets" (Matt. 22:37-40).*

The essential and unavoidable question for the life of every man is about the moral good to be done and about eternal life. (CCC 2052, 2055; *Veritatis Splendor* 6, 8)

\*Each of the below should be reviewed in its entirety: all that is forbidden, all that is asked and why – focus is on individual living of each of them.

### I. The Ten Commandments

- A. Introduction to the Ten Commandments (CCC 2052-2082)
- B. The First Commandment (CCC 2084-2141)
- C. The Second Commandment (CCC 2142-2167)
- D. The Third Commandment (CCC 2168-2195)
- E. The Fourth Commandment (CCC 2197-2257)
- F. The Fifth Commandment (CCC 2258-2330)
- G. The Sixth Commandment (CCC 2331-2400)  
(covered in detail senior year with regards to marriage)
- H. The Seventh Commandment (CCC 2401-2463)  
(covered in detail senior next year with regards to social justice)
- I. The Eighth Commandment (CCC 2464-2513)
- J. The Ninth Commandment (CCC 2514-2533)
- K. The Tenth Commandment (CCC 2534-2557)

### II. The Precepts of the Church (CCC 2041-2043)

“The precepts of the Church are set in the context of a moral life bound to and nourished by liturgical life. The obligatory character of these positive laws decreed by the pastoral authorities is meant to guarantee to the faithful the very necessary minimum in the spirit of prayer and moral effort, in the growth in love of God and neighbor” (CCC 2041)

## **Juniors – History and Saints Appendix**

(Note: Saints in *italics* are introduced for the first time in this grade).

At this level, student's knowledge of the saints and their lives as witnesses of Christ are better understood in the context of history and geography. For this reason, the saints are presented in chronological order. New saints are presented in italics. Saints have been chosen from the memorials of the Roman calendar, those mentioned in the Eucharistic Prayer One, Fathers of the Church, Doctors of the Church and from American saints, blessed, and venerables.

### I. The Early Church (0-600 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. Sts. Anne and Joachim (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
2. St. Joseph (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
3. Sts. Zechariah and Elizabeth (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
4. St. John the Baptist (c. 30)
5. St. Peter, Apostle (c. 64)
6. St. Andrew, Apostle (c. 60)
7. St. James the Great, Apostle (c. 44)
8. St. Bartholomew, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
9. St. James the Lesser, Apostle (c. 62)
10. St. Thomas, Apostle (c. 72)
11. St. Philip, Apostle (c. 80)
12. St. Simon the Cananean, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
13. St. Jude, Apostle (c. 100)
14. St. Matthew, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
15. St. Matthias, Apostle replacing Judas (c. 80)
16. St. John, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 101)
17. St. Luke, Evangelist (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
18. St. Mark, Evangelist (c. 68)
19. St. Paul (c. 67)
20. St. Mary Magdalen (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
21. St. Martha (c. 80)
22. St. Dismas, the good thief (c. 30)
23. St. Stephen (c. 36)
24. St. Linus, Second Pope (c. 76)
25. St. Cletus, Third Pope (c. 89)
26. St. Titus (c. 96)
27. St. Timothy (c. 97)
28. St. Philomena (86-100)
29. St. Clement of Rome, Fourth Pope and Father of the Church (c. 101)
30. St. Ignatius of Antioch, Father of the Church (c. 107)
31. St. Cecilia (c. 117)
32. St. Sixtus, Fifth Pope (c. 127)
33. St. Polycarp, Father of the Church (69-155)
34. St. Justin Martyr, Father of the Church (100-165)
35. St. Ireneaus, Father of the Church (130-202)
36. St. Agatha (c. 251)

37. Sts. Cornelius and Cyprian (c. 253 and c. 258)
38. St. Agnes of Rome (c. 254)
39. Sts. Nereus & Achilles (c. 257)
40. St. Lawrence (c. 258)
41. St. Valentine of Rome (c. 269)
42. *Martyrs of the Theban Legion (c. 287)*
43. St. Maurice (c. 287)
44. St. Sebastian (c. 288)
45. Sts. Cosmas and Damian (c. 303)
46. St. George (c. 304)
47. St. Lucy of Syracuse (283- 304)
48. St. Catherine of Alexandria (291- 310)
49. St. Blasé (c. 316)
50. St. Helena (250- 330)
51. St. Nicholas (346- 350)
52. St. Anthony the Hermit (251-356)
53. St. Monica (322-387)
54. *St. Gregory of Nazianzus, Father and Doctor of the Church (330-390)*
55. *St. Ambrose of Milan, Father and Doctor of the Church (340-397)*
56. St. Martin of Tours (316-397)
57. *St. Gregory of Nyssa, Father of the Church (330-395)*
58. *St. John Chrysostom, Father and Doctor of the Church (347-407)*
59. St. Jerome (347-419)
60. St. Augustine of Hippo (354-430)
61. *St. Cyril of Alexandria, Doctor of the Church (376-444)*
62. *St. Vincent de Lerins, Father of the Church (c. 450)*
63. St. Leo the Great (400-461)
64. St. Patrick (390-461)
65. St. Brigid of Ireland (453-523)
66. St. Clotilde (475-545)
67. St. Benedict (480-547)
68. St. Arnold (580-640)

#### B. Geography

1. Mediterranean Geography
2. Europe
3. Asia
4. Holy Land
5. Roman Empire

#### C. Events

1. Early Christian Persecution and Martyrs
2. Burning of Rome, 64 A.D.
3. Arianism
4. Decree of Milan, 313 A.D.
5. Council of Nicea, 325 A.D.

## II. The Medieval Era (601-1500 A.D.)

### A. Saints

1. St. David of Wales (542-601)
2. St. Gregory the Great, Pope, Father and Doctor of the Church (540-604)
3. St. Boniface (680-754)
4. St. Henry II (972-1024)
5. St. Olaf of Norway (995-1030)
6. St. Cunegunda, wife of Henry II (c. 1040)
7. St. Edward the Confessor (1003-1066)
8. St. Stanislaus (1030-1079)
9. St. Anselm of Canterbury, Doctor of the Church (1033-1109)
10. Sts. Isidore and Maria, Farmers (1070-1130)
11. St. Norbert (1080-1134)
12. St. Bernard of Clairvaux (1090-1153)
13. St. Thomas Becket (1118-1170)
14. St. Lawrence O'Toole (1128-1180)
15. St. William of Bourges (c. 1209)
16. St. Dominic (1170-1221)
17. St. Francis of Assisi (1181-1226)
18. St. Anthony of Padua (1195-1231)
19. St. Elizabeth of Hungary (1207-1231)
20. St. Rose of Viterbo (1234-1252)
21. St. Clare of Assisi (1194-1253)
22. St. Louis IX (1214-1270)
23. *St. Bonaventure, Doctor of the Church (1221-1274)*
24. St. Thomas Aquinas (1225-1274)
25. *St. Albert the Great (1206-1280)*
26. St. Gertrude the Great (1256-1302)
27. Blessed Imelda Lambertini (1322-1333)
28. St. Bridget of Sweden (1303-1373)
29. *St. Catherine of Siena, Doctor of the Church (1347-1380)*
30. St. John Nepomucene (1340-1393)
31. St. Joan of Arc (1412-1431)
32. *St. John of Capistrano (1386-1456)*

### B. Geography

1. Hungary
2. Spain
3. Italy
4. Germany
5. France

### C. Events

1. The Great Schism, July 16, 1054
2. The Crusades

### III. The Reformation (1501-1700 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. St. John Fisher (1469-1535)
2. St. Thomas More (1478-1535)
3. St. Juan Diego (1474-1548)
4. St. Francis Xavier (1506-1552)
5. St. Ignatius of Loyola (1491-1556)
6. *St. Edmund Campion (1540-1581)*
7. St. Theresa of Avila, Doctor of the Church (1515-1582)
8. *St. Charles Borromeo (1538-1584)*
9. St. John of the Cross, Doctor of the Church (1542-1591)
10. St. Aloysius Gonzaga (1568-1591)
11. St. Philip Neri (1515-1595)
12. St. Paul Miki and Companions (martyred 1562-1597)
13. St. Rose of Lima (1586-1617)
14. St. Francis de Sales (1567-1622)
15. *St. Josaphat (1580-1623)*
16. St. Martin de Porres (1579-1639)
17. St. Jane Frances de Chantal (1572-1641)
18. St. Rene Goupil (1606-1642)
19. St. Isaac Jogues, St. John de Breboug and Companions (martyred 1646-1649)
20. *The Jesuit Martyrs of North America (martyred 1646-1649)*
21. *St. Peter Claver (1581-1654)*
22. St. Vincent de Paul (1581-1660)
23. Blessed Kateri Tekekwitha (1656-1680)
24. St. Margaret Mary Alacoque (1647-1690)

#### B. Geography

1. England
2. Japan
3. South America
4. Peru
5. North America
6. Rome

#### C. Events

1. Luther and the 95 Theses, Nov. 1, 1517
2. Juan Diego and Our Lady of Guadalupe
3. Henry VIII and the Anglican Church
4. John Calvin
5. Evangelization of the New World
6. Council of Trent, 1545

#### IV. The Modern Era (1701-1900 A.D.)

##### A. Saints

1. St. Gerard Majella (1725-1755)
2. St. Paul of the Cross (1694-1775)
3. Blessed Junipero Serra (1713-1784)
4. St. Alphonsus Ligouri (1696-1787)
6. St. Elizabeth Ann Seton (1774-1821)
7. St. Andrew Dung-Lac and Companions (1785-1839)
8. Sts. Andrew Kim Taegon, Paul Chong Hasang, and Companions (martyred 1846)
9. Blessed Marie Rose Durocher (1811-1849)
10. St. Rose Dushesne (1769-1852)
11. Blessed Mother Theodore Guerin (1798-1856)
12. St. Dominic Savio (1842-1857)
13. St. John Vianney (1786-1859)
14. St. John Neumann (1811-1860)
15. Blessed Fr. Francis Xavier Seclos (1819-1867)
16. St. Bernadette of Lourdes (1819-1879)
17. *St. Charles Lwanga and Companions (martyred 1865-1886)*
18. St. John Bosco (1815-1888)
19. Blessed Damien the Leper (1846-1889)
20. St. Teresa of Lisieux, the Little Flower (1873-1897)

##### B. Events

1. French Revolution
2. Revolutionary War
3. Civil War
4. Industrial Revolution

#### V. Twentieth Century (1901-2003 A.D.)

##### A. Saints

1. St. Maria Goretti (1890-1902)
2. St. Gemma Galgani (1878-1903)
3. St. Pius X (1835-1914)
4. St. Francis Xavier Cabrini (1850-1917)
5. Blessed Miguel Agustin Pro (1891-1927)
6. Blessed Andre Bessette (1845-1937)
7. St. Faustina (1905-1938)
8. St. Maximilian Kolbe (1894-1941)
9. St. Edith Stein (1891-1942)
10. St. Mother Katharine Drexel (1858-1955)
11. Blessed Gianna Beretta Molla (1922-1962)
12. Blessed Carlos Rodriquez (1918-1963)

13. St. Padre Pio (1887-1968)
14. St. Jos maria Escriva (1902-1975)
15. Blessed Mother Theresa of Calcutta (1910-1997)

B. Events

1. World War I and II
2. Vatican II
3. The Holocaust
4. Russian Revolution

# Curriculum Guidelines Catholic Diocese of Fargo

## Twelfth Grade

Theme: Study of Society, Vocations and Apologetics

In addition, the assumption is that at this level, the students will continue:

1. to practice a sacramental life including weekly Sunday Mass, regular reception of the Eucharist and regular Reconciliation (monthly if possible)
2. to grow in their understanding and application of the moral life, including a review of previous saints and acquiring knowledge of other witnesses
3. to develop their prayer life and to review previously memorized prayers
4. to review previous vocabulary and doctrines

### 12.1 Life in Christ (Morality): The Human Community – Part III

"The path of charity [is] the love of God and of neighbor. Charity is the greatest social commandment. It respects others and their rights. It requires the practice of justice, and it alone makes us capable of it. Charity inspires a life of self-giving. Justice toward men disposes one to respect the rights of each and to establish in human relationships the harmony that promotes equity with regard to persons and to the common good." (CCC 1889, 1807)

- I. The Human Community
  - A. The Person and Society (CCC 1878-1896)
  - B. Participation in Social Life (CCC 1897-1927)
  - C. Social Justice (CCC 1928-1948)

\*Review each of the Ten Commandments and consider one's duty to implement them in society. Pay particular attention to the following

- II. Review Ten Commandments: Catholic Social Teaching and Particular Social Issues
  - A. Primacy of the Respect for Human Life from Conception to Natural Death as the most important social teaching (CCC 2319-2320)
  - B. Social Duty of Religion and Religious Freedom (CCC 2104-2109)
  - C. Sunday Obligation (CCC 2187, 2195)
  - D. The Family and Society (CCC 2207-2213)
  - E. Duties of Civil Authorities, Citizens and Politics (CCC 2234-2246)
  - F. Legislation that applies to "human life" issues and "purity" issues
  - G. Universal Destination and the Private Ownership of Goods (CCC 2402-2406)
  - H. Respect for Persons and Their Goods (CCC 2407-2418)
  - I. The Social Doctrine of the Church (CCC 2419-2425)
  - J. Economic Activity and Social Justice (CCC 2426-2436)
  - K. Justice and Solidarity Among Nations (CCC 2437-2442)
  - L. Love for the Poor (CCC 2443-2449)
  - M. Use of Social Communications (CCC 2493-2499)
  - N. Truth, Beauty and Sacred Art (CCC 2500-2503)

- III. Living a Life of Charity and Service
  - A. Corporal Works of Mercy (review and apply to life)
  - B. Spiritual Works of Mercy (review and apply to life)

IV. How is it possible to affect society by living a moral life? How to stay moral oneself?

## 12.2 The Call to Holiness: Christian Vocations – Part I

"All Christians in any state or walk of life are called to the fullness of Christian life and to the perfection of charity.' All are called to holiness: 'Be perfect, as your heavenly Father is perfect.'" (CCC 2013)

"Holy Orders is the sacrament through which the mission entrusted by Christ to His apostles continues to be exercised in the Church until the end of time: thus it is the sacrament of apostolic ministry." (CCC 916)

"In the consecrated life, Christ's faithful, moved by the Holy Spirit, propose to follow Christ more nearly, to give themselves to God who is loved above all and, pursuing the perfection of charity in the service of the Kingdom, to signify and proclaim in the Church the glory of the world to come." (CCC 916)

- I. The Universal Call to Holiness
  - A. All Are Called to Holiness (*Lumen Gentium* 39, 40)
    - 1. Hierarchy (CCC 874-986)
    - 2. Laity (CCC 897-913)
      - uniqueness, yet equality of the vocation of men and women
    - 3. Consecrated Life (CCC 914-933)
  - B. The Fullness of Christian Life and the Perfection of Charity (*LG* 39-42)
    - 1. Creation
    - 2. The Fall: Personal Sinfulness
    - 3. Conversion (Mark 1:14-15; CCC 1427-1428, 2015)
    - 4. The True Measure of Holiness: Love of God and Neighbor (*LG* 42)
  - C. Various Calls within the One Call to Holiness (*LG* 41)
    - 1. Examples
    - 2. Discerning One's Vocation
- II. Holy Orders: The Hierarchical Constitution of the Church
  - A. The Three Degrees of Apostolic Ministry
    - 1. Episcopate--fullness of the sacrament (CCC 1555)
    - 2. Presbyterate--ordination of priests (CCC 1562)
    - 3. Diaconate--ordination of Deacons (CCC 1569)
  - B. The Office of Sanctifying (CCC 893, *LG* 26)
  - C. The Office of Teaching (CCC 888-892, *LG* 25)
  - D. The Office of Governing (CCC 894-896, *LG* 27)
  - E. The Effects of the Sacrament (CCC 1581-1589)
    - 1. The indelible character
    - 2. The grace of the Holy Spirit
  - F. Preparation for the Priesthood (*Pastores Dabo Vobis*)
  - G. Living the Priestly Vocation
- III. The Consecrated Life (*Vita Consecrata*)
  - A. The Evangelical Counsels: Poverty, chastity, and obedience (CCC 944)
  - B. Forms: One Tree, Many Branches (CCC 917-919)
    - 1. The eremitic life (CCC 920-921)
    - 2. Consecrated Virgins (CCC 922-924)
    - 3. Religious Life (CCC 925-927)
    - 4. Secular Institutes (CCC 928-929)
  - C. Societies of Apostolic Life (CCC 930)
  - D. The Mission of the Consecrated Life (CCC 931-933)
  - E. Joining the Consecrated Life
  - F. Living the Consecrated Life

## 12.3 The Call to Holiness: Christian Vocations II

"Lay people share in Christ's priesthood: ever more united with Him, they exhibit the grace of Baptism and Confirmation in all dimensions of their personal, family, social, and ecclesial lives, and so fulfill the call to holiness addressed to all the baptized." (CCC 941)

- I. The Lay Faithful (*LG 31*)
  
- II. The Vocation of the Laity
  - A. The Secular Character--The Presence of the Church in the World (*LG 31, Christifideles Laici 15*)
    - 1. Participation in Christ's Priestly Office (*LG 34, CCC 901*)
    - 2. Participation in Christ's Prophetic Office (*CL 14, LG 35, CCC 905*)
    - 3. Participation in Christ's Kingly Office (*CCC 943, LG 36*)
  
- III. The Single Vocation: Living the Single Vocation
  - A. The Virtues
  - B. The Vocation to Chastity
  
- IV. Special Lay Vocations
  - A. Youth, The Hope of the Church (*CL 46*)
  - B. Children and the Kingdom of Heaven (*CL 47*)
  - C. Older People and the Gift of Wisdom (*CL 48*)
  - D. The Status and Role Of Women (*CL 49-52; Mulieris Dignitatem*)
  - E. The Sick and the Suffering (*CL 53*)
  - F. Catechists and Evangelizers
  
- V. The Vocation of Marriage (*Familiaris Consortio; Letter to Families*)
  - A. Marriage in God's Plan (*CCC 1601, 1639-1644*)
  - B. Preparation for Marriage
    - 1. The Vocation to Chastity (*CCC 2337*)
    - 2. Remote Preparation
    - 3. Proximate Preparation
    - 4. Mixed Marriage and Disparity of Cult (*CCC 1633-1637*)
    - 5. So-called "Free Union" and "Trial Marriage" (*CCC 2390-2391*)
  - C. Marriage: The Love of Husband and Wife
    - 1. The Goods and Requirements of Marriage
      - a. Fidelity (*CCC 1652, 2364-2365*)
      - b. Indissolubility (*CCC 1615, 2382-2386*)
      - c. Fecundity (*CCC 1652, 2366-2379*)
    - 2. Offenses against the Dignity of Marriage
      - a. Adultery (*CCC 2380-2381*)
      - b. Divorce (*CCC 2382-2386*)
      - c. Polygamy (*CCC 2387*)
      - d. Incest/Child Abuse (*CCC 2388-2389*)
    - 3. The Family in God's Plan
      - a. The Nature of the Family (*CCC 2201-2203*)
      - b. The Christian Family (*CCC 2204-2206*)
      - c. The Duties of Parents (*CCC 2221-2231*)
    - 4. Living the Married Vocation

## **12.4 Apologetics: Life After Home**

This final semester should be spent preparing seniors to live their Faith after they leave home. This will be a time to tailor to the very specific needs of your senior class. Will they be able to explain the Catholic Faith to those who challenge them in college or in the workplace? What doctrines cause them difficulty? How do they find a Catholic Church to attend? What is a Newman Center, Catholic Student Association, or FOCUS? How do they plan on continuing their relationship with God? How does one maintain a prayer life on campus or in the work place? What particular moral difficulties will they encounter? Where can they go for help? etc.

## **Seniors – History and Saints Appendix**

(Note: Saints in *italics* are introduced for the first time in this grade).

At this level, student's knowledge of the saints and their lives as witnesses of Christ are better understood in the context of history and geography. For this reason, the saints are presented in chronological order. New saints are presented in italics. Saints have been chosen from the memorials of the Roman calendar, those mentioned in the Eucharistic Prayer One, Fathers of the Church, Doctors of the Church and from American saints, blessed, and venerables.

### I. The Early Church (0-600 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. Sts. Anne and Joachim (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
2. St. Joseph (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
3. Sts. Zechariah and Elizabeth (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
4. St. John the Baptist (c. 30)
5. St. Peter, Apostle (c. 64)
6. St. Andrew, Apostle (c. 60)
7. St. James the Great, Apostle (c. 44)
8. St. Bartholomew, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
9. St. James the Lesser, Apostle (c. 62)
10. St. Thomas, Apostle (c. 72)
11. St. Philip, Apostle (c. 80)
12. St. Simon the Cananean, Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
13. St. Jude, Apostle (c. 100)
14. St. Matthew, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
15. St. Matthias, Apostle replacing Judas (c. 80)
16. St. John, Evangelist and Apostle (c. 101)
17. St. Luke, Evangelist (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
18. St. Mark, Evangelist (c. 68)
19. St. Paul (c. 67)
20. St. Mary Magdalen (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)
21. St. Martha (c. 80)
22. St. Dismas, the good thief (c. 30)
23. St. Stephen (c. 36)
24. *St. Tarcisius (c. 1<sup>st</sup> century)*
25. *St. Barnabas, Father of the Church (c. 61)*
26. St. Linus, Second Pope (c. 76)
27. St. Cletus, Third Pope (c. 89)
28. St. Titus (c. 96)
29. St. Timothy (c. 97)
30. St. Philomena (86-100)
31. St. Clement of Rome, Fourth Pope and Father of the Church (c. 101)
32. St. Ignatius of Antioch, Father of the Church (c. 107)
33. *St. Papias, Father of the Church (c. 115)*
34. St. Cecilia (c. 117)
35. St. Sixtus, Fifth Pope (c. 127)
36. St. Polycarp, Father of the Church (69-155)

37. St. Justin Martyr, Father of the Church (100-165)
38. *St. Felicity (c. 165)*
39. *St. Perpetua (c. 203)*
40. St. Irenaeus, Father of the Church (130-202)
41. *St. Hippolytus, Father of the Church (c. 236)*
42. St. Agatha (c. 251)
43. Sts. Cornelius and Cyprian (c. 253 and c. 258)
44. St. Agnes of Rome (c. 254)
45. Sts. Nereus & Achilles (c. 257)
46. St. Lawrence (c. 258)
47. St. Valentine of Rome (c. 269)
48. Martyrs of the Theban Legion (c. 287)
49. St. Maurice (c. 287)
50. St. Sebastian (c. 288)
51. Sts. Cosmas and Damian (c. 303)
52. St. George (c. 304)
53. St. Lucy of Syracuse (283-304)
54. St. Catherine of Alexandria (291-310)
55. St. Blasé (c. 316)
56. St. Helena (250-330)
57. St. Nicholas (346-350)
58. St. Anthony the Hermit (251-356)
59. St. Athanasius, Father and Doctor of the Church (295-373)
60. St. Ephrem of Syria, Father and Doctor of the Church (306-373)
61. St. Basil the Great, Father and Doctor of the Church (329-379)
62. St. Cyril of Jerusalem, Father and Doctor of the Church (315-386)
63. St. Monica (322-387)
64. St. Gregory of Nazianzus, Father and Doctor of the Church (330-390)
65. St. Ambrose of Milan, Father and Doctor of the Church (340-397)
66. St. Martin of Tours (316-397)
67. St. Gregory of Nyssa, Father of the Church (330-395)
68. St. John Chrysostom, Father and Doctor of the Church (347-407)
69. St. Jerome (347-419)
70. St. Augustine of Hippo (354-430)
71. St. Cyril of Alexandria, Doctor of the Church (376-444)
72. St. Vincent de Lerins, Father of the Church (c. 450)
73. St. Leo the Great (400-461)
74. St. Patrick (390-461)
75. St. Brigid of Ireland (453-523)
76. St. Clotilde (475-545)
77. St. Benedict (480-547)
78. St. Arnold (580-640)

## B. Geography

1. Mediterranean Geography
2. Europe

3. Asia
4. Holy Land
5. Roman Empire

#### C. Events

1. Early Christian Persecution and Martyrs
2. Burning of Rome, 64 A.D.
3. Arianism
4. Decree of Milan, 313 A.D.
5. Council of Nicea, 325 A.D.

## II. The Medieval Era (601-1500 A.D.)

### A. Saints

1. St. David of Wales (542-601)
2. St. Gregory the Great, Pope, Father and Doctor of the Church (540-604)
3. *St. Bede the Venerable, Doctor of the Church (672-735)*
4. *St. John Damascene, Father and Doctor of the Church (679-749)*
5. St. Boniface (680-754)
6. St. Henry II (972-1024)
7. St. Olaf of Norway (995-1030)
8. St. Cunegunda, wife of Henry II (c. 1040)
9. St. Edward the Confessor (1003-1066)
10. *St. Peter Damian, Doctor of the Church (1007-1072)*
11. St. Stanislaus (1030-1079)
12. *St. Margaret of Scotland (1045-1093)*
13. St. Anselm of Canterbury, Doctor of the Church (1033-1109)
14. Sts. Isidore and Maria, Farmers (1070-1130)
15. St. Norbert (1080-1134)
16. St. Bernard of Clairvaux (1090-1153)
17. St. Thomas Becket (1118-1170)
18. St. Lawrence O'Toole (1128-1180)
19. St. William of Bourges (c. 1209)
20. St. Dominic (1170-1221)
21. St. Francis of Assisi (1181-1226)
22. St. Anthony of Padua (1195-1231)
23. St. Elizabeth of Hungary (1207-1231)
24. St. Rose of Viterbo (1234-1252)
25. St. Clare of Assisi (1194-1253)
26. St. Louis IX (1214-1270)
27. St. Bonaventure, Doctor of the Church (1221-1274)
28. St. Thomas Aquinas (1225-1274)
29. St. Albert the Great (1206-1280)
30. St. Gertrude the Great (1256-1302)
31. Blessed Imelda Lambertini (1322-1333)

32. St. Bridget of Sweden (1303-1373)
33. St. Catherine of Siena, Doctor of the Church (1347-1380)
34. St. John Nepomucene (1340-1393)
35. St. Joan of Arc (1412-1431)
36. St. John of Capistrano (1386-1456)

#### B. Geography

1. Hungary
2. Spain
3. Italy
4. Germany
5. France

#### C. Events

1. The Great Schism, July 16, 1054
2. The Crusades
3. Black Plague
4. Gutenberg invention of printing press
5. First bible printed in 1455

### III. The Reformation (1501-1700 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. St. John Fisher (1469-1535)
2. St. Thomas More (1478-1535)
3. St. Juan Diego (1474-1548)
4. St. Francis Xavier (1506-1552)
5. St. Ignatius of Loyola (1491-1556)
6. St. Edmund Campion (1540-1581)
7. St. Theresa of Avila, Doctor of the Church (1515-1582)
8. St. Charles Borromeo (1538-1584)
9. St. John of the Cross, Doctor of the Church (1542-1591)
10. St. Aloysius Gonzaga (1568-1591)
11. St. Philip Neri (1515-1595)
12. St. Paul Miki and Companions (martyred 1562-1597)
13. St. Rose of Lima (1586-1617)
14. *St. Robert Bellarmine, Doctor of the Church (1542-1621)*
15. St. Francis de Sales (1567-1622)
16. St. Josaphat (1580-1623)
17. St. Martin de Porres (1579-1639)
18. St. Jane Frances de Chantal (1572-1641)
19. St. Rene Goupil (1606-1642)
20. St. Isaac Jogues, St. John de Breboug and Companions (martyred 1646-1649)
21. The Jesuit Martyrs of North America (martyred 1646-1649)
22. St. Peter Claver (1581-1654)

23. St. Vincent de Paul (1581-1660)
24. Blessed Kateri Tekekwitha (1656-1680)
25. St. Margaret Mary Alacoque (1647-1690)

#### B. Geography

1. England
2. Japan
3. South America
4. Peru
5. North America
6. Rome

#### C. Events

1. Luther and the 95 Theses, Nov. 1, 1517
2. Juan Diego and Our Lady of Guadalupe
3. Henry VIII and the Anglican Church
4. John Calvin
5. Evangelization of the New World
6. Council of Trent, 1545

### IV. The Modern Era (1701-1900 A.D.)

#### A. Saints

1. St. Gerard Majella (1725-1755)
2. St. Paul of the Cross (1694-1775)
3. Blessed Junipero Serra (1713-1784)
4. St. Alphonsus Ligouri (1696-1787)
5. *Venerable Pierre Toussaint (1766-1807)*
6. St. Elizabeth Ann Seton (1774-1821)
7. St. Andrew Dung-Lac and Companions (1785-1839)
8. Sts. Andrew Kim Taegon, Paul Chong Hasang, and Companions (martyred 1846)
9. Blessed Marie Rose Durocher (1811-1849)
10. St. Rose Dushesne (1769-1852)
11. Blessed Mother Theodore Guerin (1798-1856)
12. St. Dominic Savio (1842-1857)
13. St. John Vianney (1786-1859)
14. St. John Neumann (1811-1860)
15. Blessed Fr. Francis Xavier Seclos (1819-1867)
16. St. Bernadette of Lourdes (1819-1879)
17. St. Charles Lwanga and Companions (martyred 1865-1886)
18. St. John Bosco (1815-1888)
19. Blessed Damien the Leper (1846-1889)
20. *Venerable Father Michael McGivney (1852-1890)*
21. St. Teresa of Lisieux, the Little Flower (1873-1897)

## B. Events

1. French Revolution
2. Revolutionary War
3. Civil War
4. Industrial Revolution

## V. Twentieth Century (1901-2003 A.D.)

### A. Saints

1. St. Maria Goretti (1890-1902)
2. St. Gemma Galgani (1878-1903)
3. *Venerable Mother Mary Magdalen Bentivoglio of the Sacred Heart (1834-1905)*
4. St. Pius X (1835-1914)
5. St. Francis Xavier Cabrini (1850-1917)
6. *Venerable Mother Marianne Cope (1838-1918)*
7. *Venerable Frank J. Parater (1897-1920)*
8. Blessed Miguel Agustin Pro (1891-1927)
9. Blessed Andre Bessette (1845-1937)
10. St. Faustina (1905-1938)
11. St. Maximilian Kolbe (1894-1941)
12. St. Edith Stein (1891-1942)
13. *Venerable Father Emil Joseph Kapaun (1916-1951)*
14. St. Mother Katharine Drexel (1858-1955)
15. *Venerable Father Solanus Casey (1870-1957)*
16. Blessed Gianna Beretta Molla (1922-1962)
17. Blessed Carlos Rodriguez (1918-1963)
18. St. Padre Pio (1887-1968)
19. St. Jos9maria Escriva (1902-1975)
20. *Venerable Terence Cardinal Cooke (1921-1983)*
21. *Venerable Father Patrick Peyton (1909-1992)*
22. Blessed Mother Theresa of Calcutta (1910-1997)

### B. Events

1. World War I and II
2. The Holocaust
3. Vatican II
3. Russian Revolution
4. Globalization
5. Great Depression
6. Computer Revolution
7. Berlin Wall Falls